The webinar will begin in a few minutes...

1:00pm – Welcome and opening remarks 1:10pm – TIME project overview 1:40pm – TIME project deliverables and scaling up 2:15pm – WRP Regional Strategy Update 2:55pm – Next steps and closing remarks 3:00pm – Adjourn







Wetlands Recovery Project Stakeholder Update Webinar

May 5, 2015







Welcome



Kristen Goodrich Tijuana River National Estuarine Research Reserve Coastal Training Program Coordinator



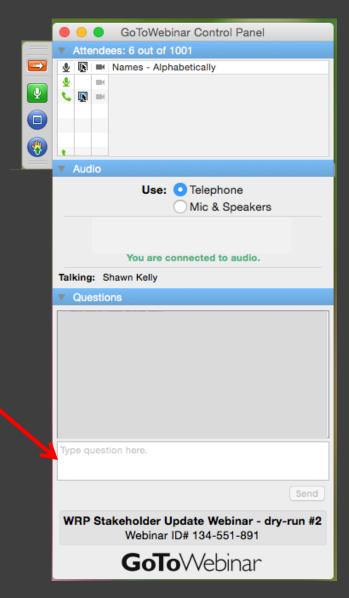
Moderator



Dr. Dorian Fougeres California State University, Sacramento Center for Collaborative Policy Southern California Office Director

Webinar functionality

- You are automatically muted in the webinar.
- If you have a question/comment, please type the comment/question in the webinar control.
- We will answer questions during transitions in the webinar.





Introductions to the team

Project Coordinator: Kristen Goodrich*Collaboration Lead:* Dr. Dorian Fougeres*Applied Science Investigator:* Dr. Jeff Crooks

Collaborators:

Dr. Eric Stein & Dr. Steve Steinberg (SCCWRP)Greg Gauthier (California Coastal Conservancy)Robin Grossinger & Erin Beller (San Francisco Estuary Institute)



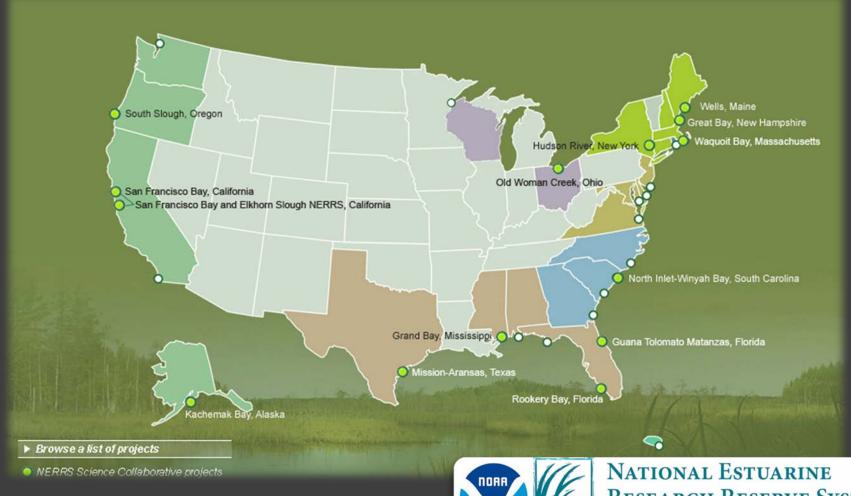




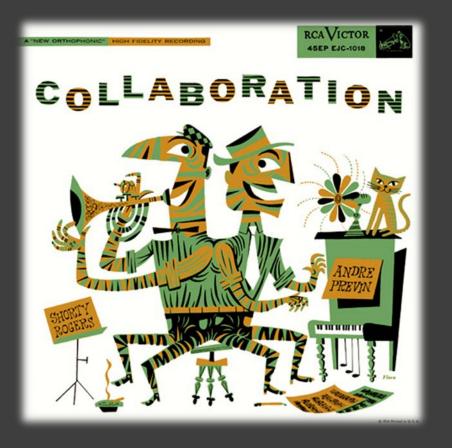




NERRS Science Collaborative



Research Reserve System Science Collaborative



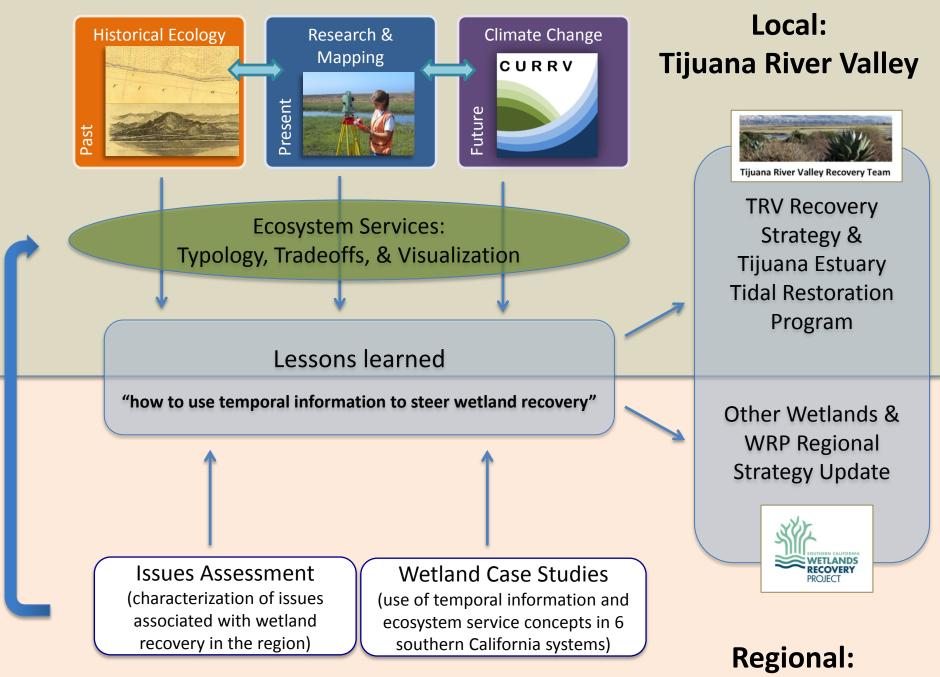
Involving intended users throughout the research process from problem definition to results will increase the likelihood that science will be applied



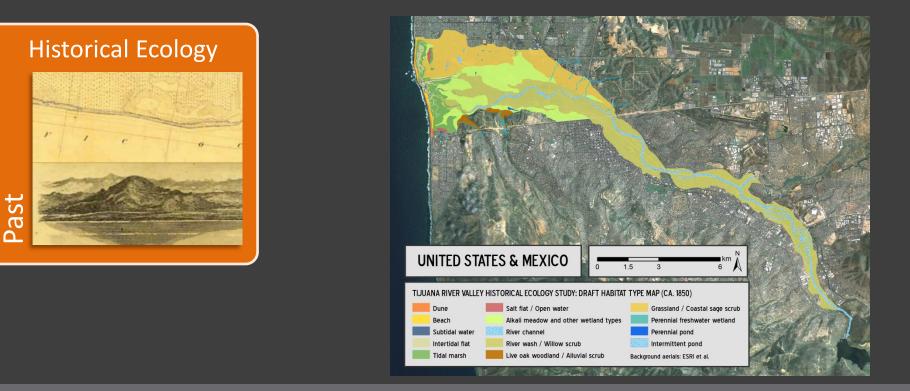
Next presenter



Dr. Jeff Crooks Tijuana River National Estuarine Research Reserve Research Coordinator



Southern California



Project trajectory

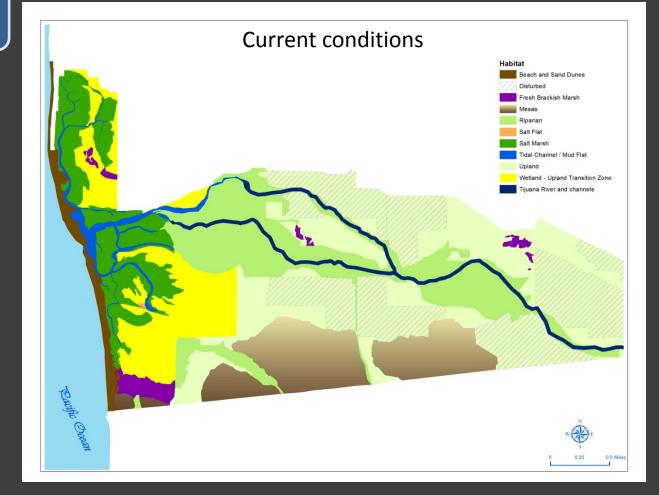


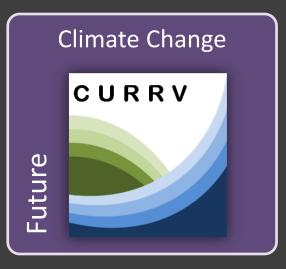


Research & Monitoring

Present

Current maps and models





Climate Understanding & Resilience in the River Valley

Conduct Vulnerability Assessment

Develop Climate Adaptation Strategy

<complex-block>

 SN DIEGO COUNTY
 Figure River

 • CITY OF TJUANA

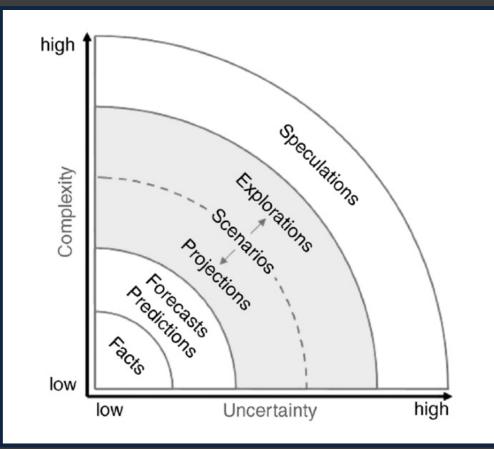
Focus on Sea Level Rise & Riverine Flooding

Considers Both Built and Natural Environments



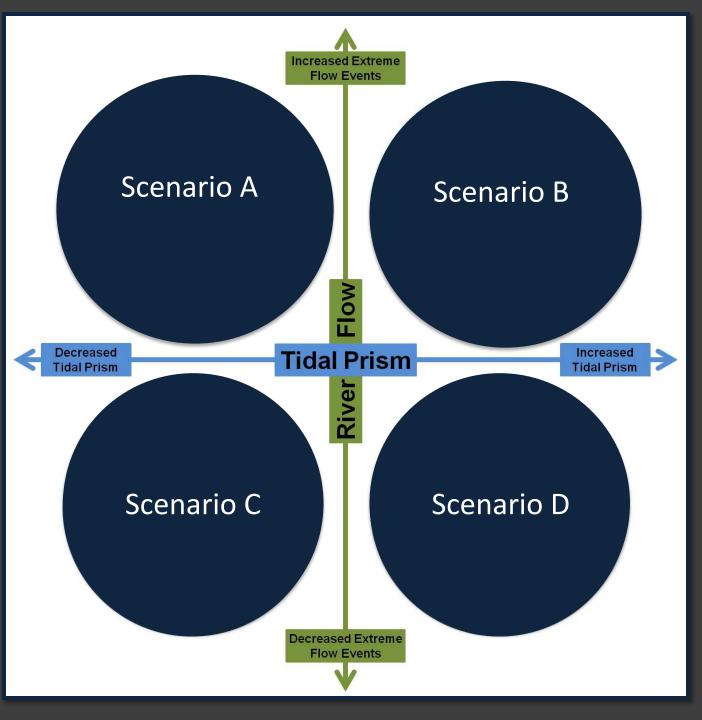
Scenario Planning

- Scenario planning embraces uncertainty
- Interaction of multiple, complex variables
- Scenarios should link the past and present with hypothetical futures. To be **plausible**, each scenario should have the future emerging from the past and present in a seamless way
- Scenarios should expand and challenge thinking, and convert alternatives into dynamic stories by adding a credible series of driving forces and responses



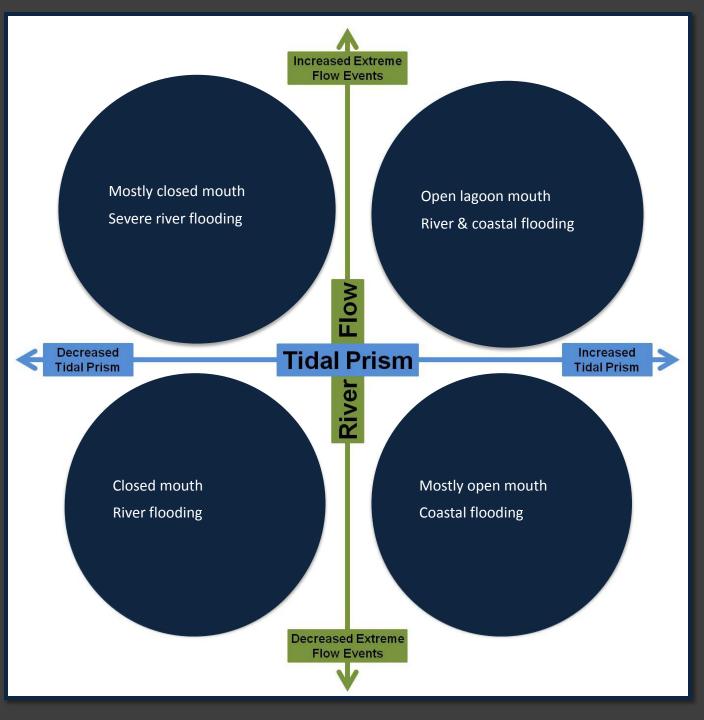
Scenario Development

- Identify Axes
- SLR in all scenarios
- Workshops on physical drivers and habitat responses

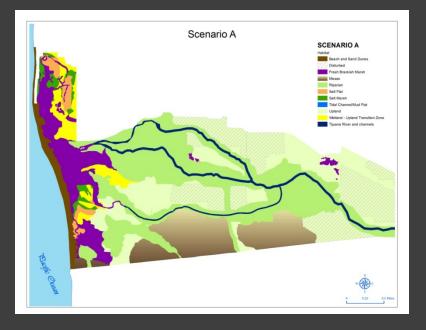


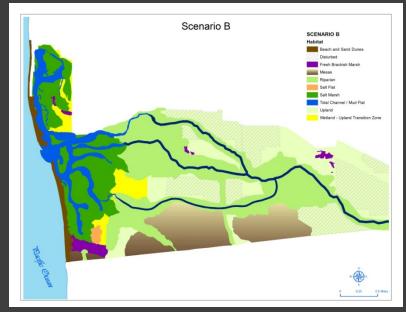
Physical Drivers

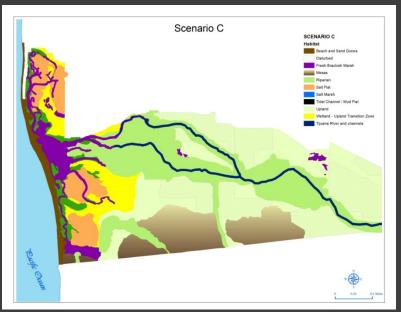
- River-Ocean Connection
- Sediment Dynamics
- Flooding and Inundation
- Water Residence Time
- Surface- and Ground-Water Salinity

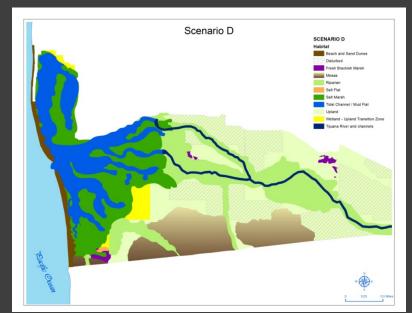


Habitat Responses

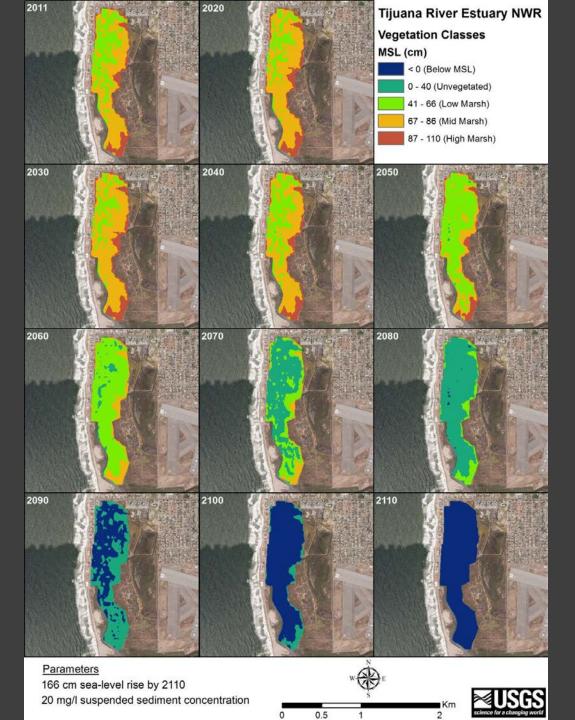








Modeling for Scenario D





Next presenter



Dr. Julio Lorda Tijuana River National Estuarine Research Reserve Post-doctoral Researcher

Ecosystem Services

Those components and processes which are used, required, or demanded from ecological systems for human benefit.

or

The benefits people obtain from ecosystems, including products, functions, and attributes.

Ecosystem Services - Methodology

Ecosystem services Advisory Group

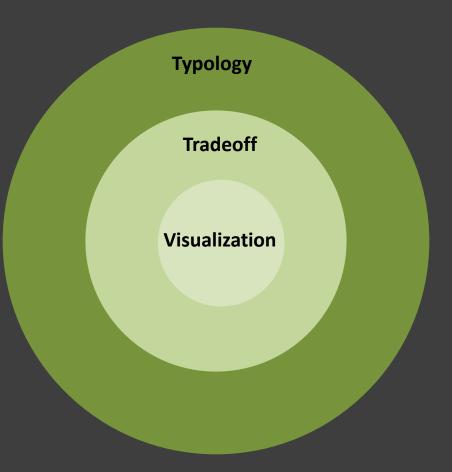
• Literature review

• Web-survey to researchers and experts

• Web-survey to WRP task forces

Ecosystem Services

- Ecosystem services list (Typology)
 - Habitat-level
- Tradeoffs
- Visualization



Ecosystem Services - Habitats

- Beach and Dunes
- Shallow subtidal
- Eelgrass bed
- Oyster Bed
- Tidal mudflat and channel
- Cordgrass marsh
- Pickleweed marsh

- Saltflat
- Fresh/brackish marsh
- Ditch grass bed

one

- River bed and riparian
 - Wetland-upland transition

Typology

	Ecosystem services
Nutrient cycling, water	Breakdown and sequestration of
purification, and	anthropogenic nutrients
waste treatment	Water purification or contaminant
	dilution
Climate regulation	Local effects on temperature, wind,
	rainfall, etc
	Air quality improvement
	Carbon storage/sequestration

Typology

Ecosystem services		
Water regulation	Groundwater recharge	
	Direct water supply for livestock and	
	agriculture	
Storm and erosion and control	Shoreline, tidal creek, or river bank	
	stabilization	
	Amelioration of flooding	
	Soil and sediment retention (e.g.,	
	potential offset to sea-level rise)	

	Ecosystem services	
Genetic, biochemical, and ornamental	Genetic resources	
resources	Biochemical, natural medicines, and pharmaceuticals Ornamental resources (shells, drift	
Food and raw materials	wood, etc.) Direct provision of food, or habitat support for edible species Support for pollinators of crops	
	Raw materials such as fuel (including biofuels), wood, and fibers	

(based on MEA 2005 and McInnes 2013)

Typology

Ecosystem services		
Biological control	Control of agricultural or livestock pests	
	Limit pathogens or vectors of human	
	diseases	
	Suppression of noxious weeds	
Support of biodiversity	Support native species	
	Support for special-status species	
	(culturally-significant)	

Typology

	Ecosystem services
	Nature observation, outdoor
	recreation, and ecotourism
	Aesthetic value
	Scientific and education

Tradeoff

Studies in Avian Biology No. 32:198-204

ARE SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA'S FRAGMENTED SALTMARSHES CAPABLE OF SUSTAINING ENDEMIC BIRD POPULATIONS?

ABBY N. POWELL

Estuaries and Coasts (2012) 35:1163–1181 DOI 10.1007/s12237-012-9508-9

A CENSUS OF THE LIGHT-FOOTED CLAPPER RAIL IN CALIFORNIA

RICHARD ZEMBAL, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 24000 Avila Rd., Laguna Niguel, California 92677

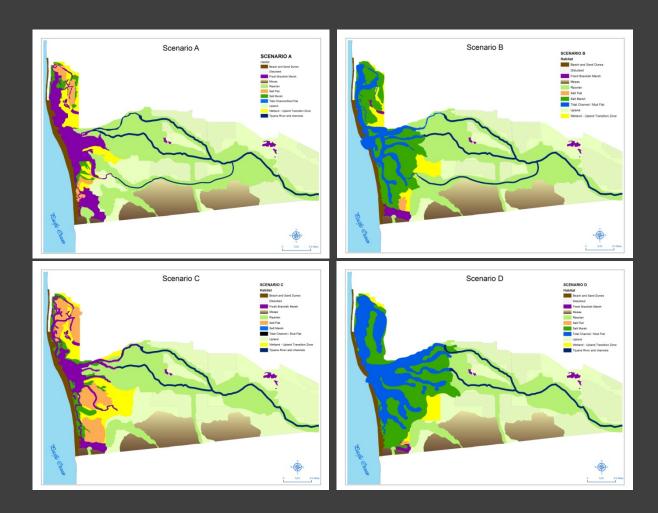
BARBARA W. MASSEY, 1825 Knoxville Ave., Long Beach, California 90815

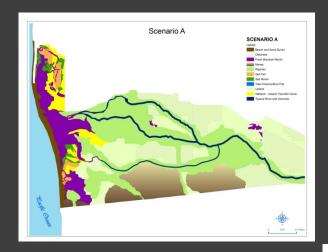
Carbon Sequestration and Sediment Accretion in San Francisco Bay Tidal Wetlands

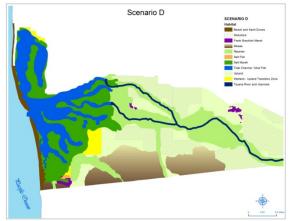
John C. Callaway • Evyan L. Borgnis • R. Eugene Turner • Charles S. Milan

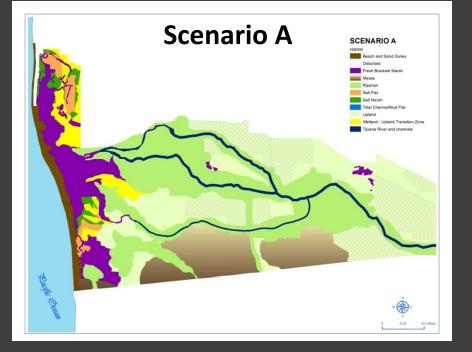
Scenarios - Ecosystem Services and Habitat Area

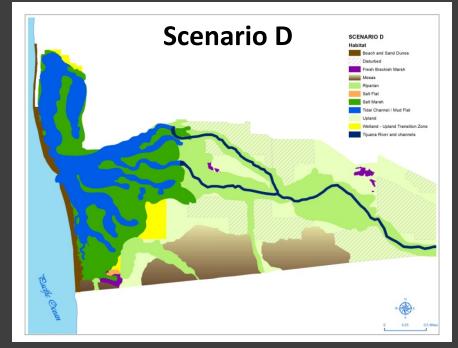
Ecosystem services		Source
Carbon storage/sequestration	Carbon	Callaway
	storage/sequestration	et al.
Soil and sediment retention	Vertical accretion	Callaway
		et al.
	Mineral accretion	Callaway
		et al.
Support for special-status	Belding's Savannah	Powell
species	Sparrow	
	Ridgway's Rail	Massey and
		Zembal







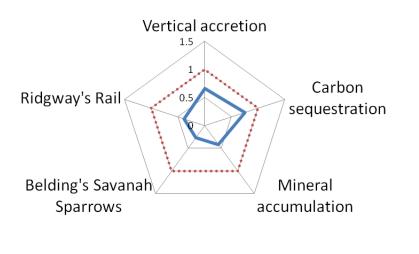




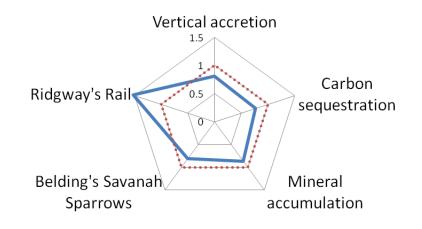


Tradeoff









(data from Zembal and Massey 1981, Powell 2006, and Callaway et al. 2012)

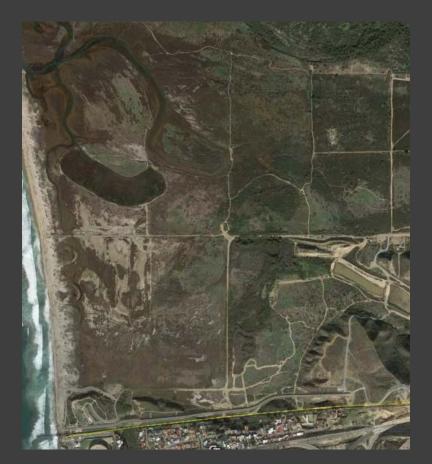
Ecosystem Service	Management Importance	Scenario A	Scenario B	Scenario C	Scenario D	Confidence
	High					High
	Medium					High
	Low					Medium
	High					Low
	Medium					Low
	High					Low

Ecosystem Service	Management Importance	Scenario A	Scenario B	Scenario C	Scenario D	Confidence
	High					High
	Medium					High
	Low					Medium
	High					Low
	Medium					Low
	High					Low

Ecosystem Service	Management Importance	Scenario A	Scenario B	Scenario C	Scenario D	Confidence
	High					High
	Medium					High
	Low					Medium
	High					Low
	Medium					Low
	High					Low

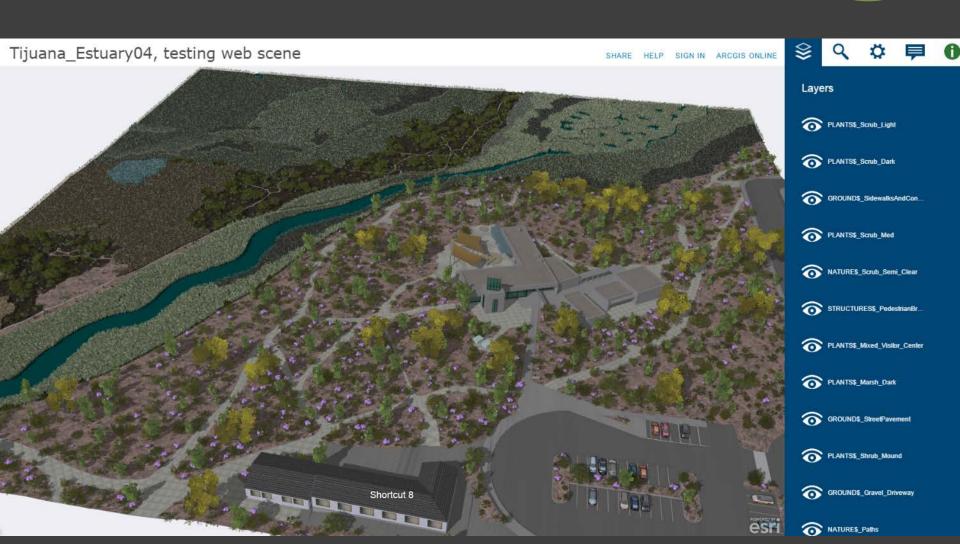
Current conditions

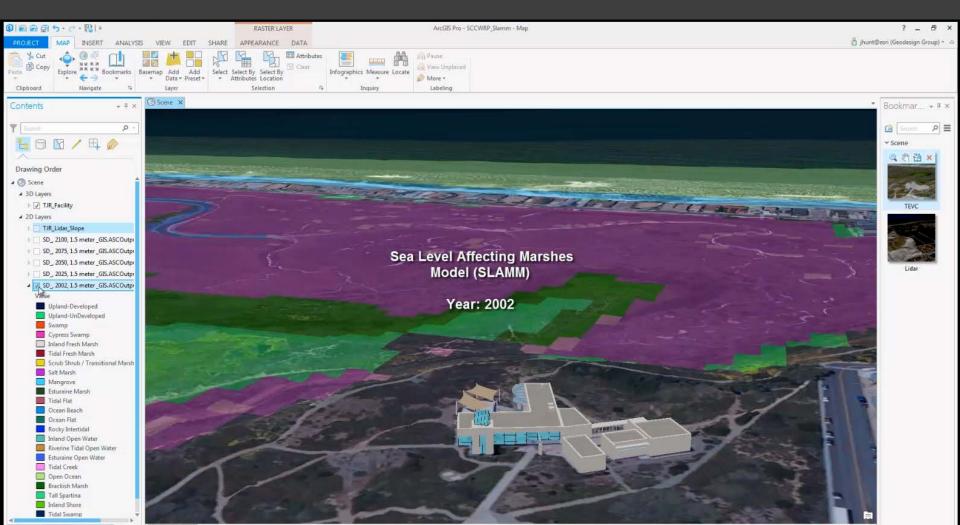


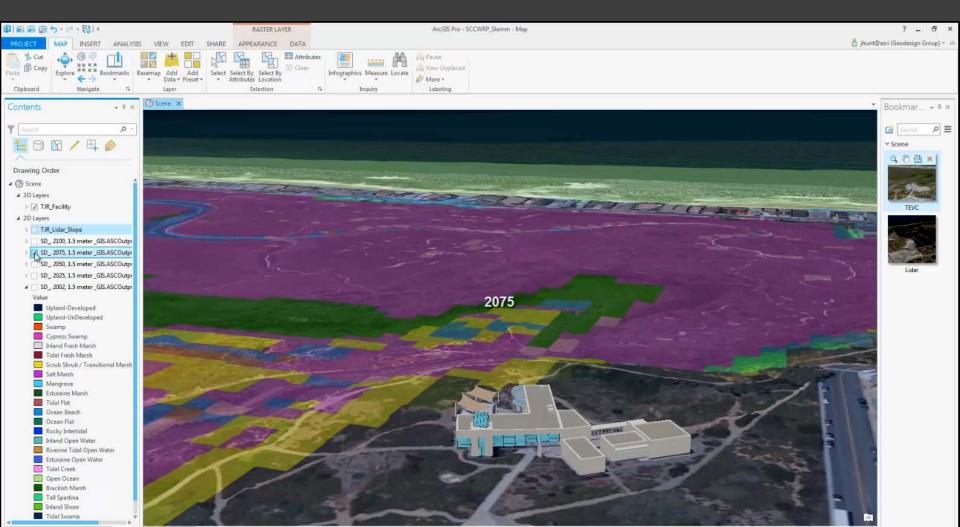


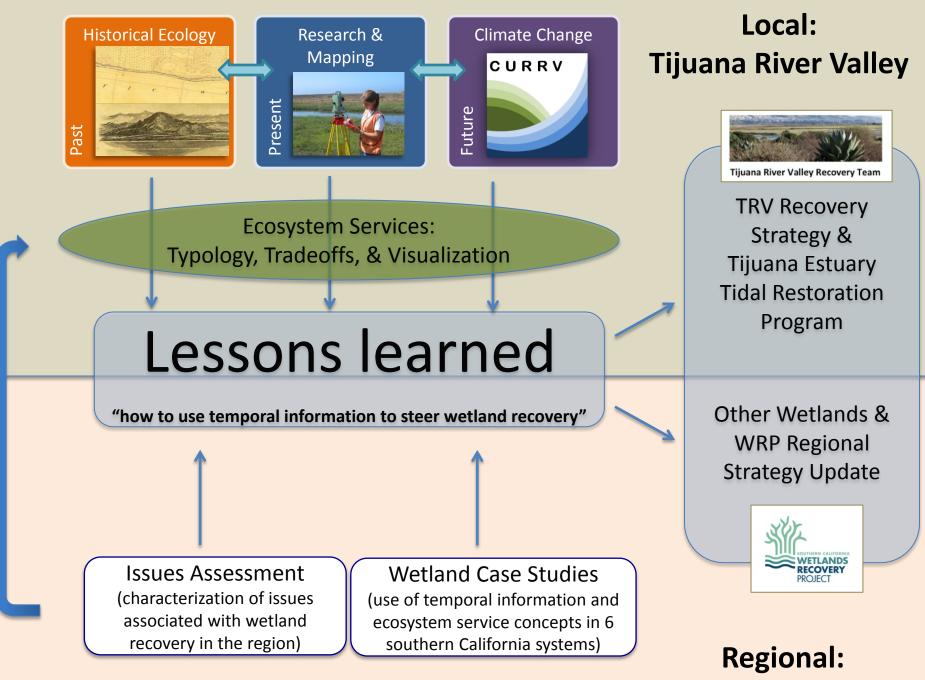












Southern California

TEMPORAL INVESTIGATIONS OF MARSH ECOSYSTEMS

Questions?

Next presenter



Greg Gauthier California Coastal Conservancy Wetland Recovery Project Manager





REGIONAL STRATEGY UPDATE WETLAND HABITAT GOALS FOR SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA

MULTI-YEAR PROCESS MEMBER AGENCIES SCIENCE ADVISORY PANEL COUNTY TASK FORCES



SO CAL WETLANDS REGIONAL SETTING WETLAND LOSSES



REGIONAL STRATEGY 2001

REGIONAL GOALS KEY STRATEGIES COUNTY OBJECTIVES

WORK PLAN PROJECTS SMALL COMMUNITY-BASED PROJECTS

TRAINING

Regional Strategy 2001 Goals



- 1. Preserve and restore coastal wetland ecosystems
- 2. Preserve and restore stream corridors and wetland ecosystems in coastal watersheds
- 3. Recover native habitat and species diversity
- 4. Integrate wetlands recovery with other public objectives
- 5. Promote education and compatible access related to coastal wetlands and watersheds
- 6. Advance the science of wetlands restoration and management in Southern California

Improving Regional Planning of Wetland Ecosystem Restoration and Management in Southern California

Southern California Wetland Recovery Project Science Panel Recommendations

May 15, 2002

Principal Author: Martha Sutula, Ph.D., Southern California Coastal Water Research Project (SCCWRP), Westminster, California

Southern California Wetland Recovery Project Science Panel Members and Contributing Authors:

Richard Ambrose, Ph.D., University of California, Los Angeles, California John Callaway, Ph.D., University of San Francisco, San Francisco, California Wayne Ferren, Ph.D., University of California, Santa Barbara, California Michael Horn, Ph.D., California State University, Fullerton, California Michael Josselyn, Ph.D., Wetland Research Associates, San Francisco, California Sharook Madon, Ph.D., Pacific Estuarine Research Laboratory, San Diego, California Keith Macdonald, Ph.D., Independent Consultant, Seattle, Washington Kenneth Schwarz, Ph.D., Phillip Williams Associates, San Francisco, California Eric Stein, Ph.D., PCR Associates, Irvine, California Stephen Weisberg, Ph.D., SCCWRP, Westminster, California







- Establish quantifiable recovery objectives;
 - Develop decision support
 tools to aid in prioritizing
 preservation and
 restoration activities; and
- Implement a regional monitoring program to measure the progress towards objectives.

WMG Statement of Need - 2008

The Wetland Managers Group needs a management framework that will:

- Guide project prioritization, selection and design to reflect regional priorities
- Provide project-specific guidance for practitioners
- Provide a method for assessing progress toward our goals
- Support proactive project solicitation

We are updating the Regional Strategy because:

We have much more data developed over the last decade and a half

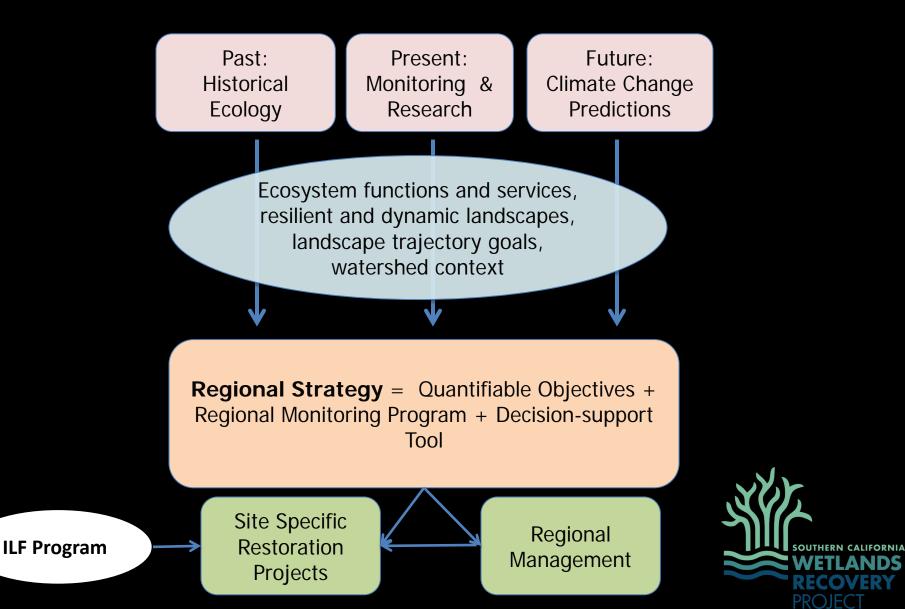
Old goals were not based on integrating past, present and future

We have developed monitoring systems that will measure progress toward our goals and those systems will help define more specific quantifiable goals

New ways of thinking about resilience, adaptive management and what restoration means

WRP is part of the State Wetlands Program Plan – define how our regional efforts relate to and support statewide programs

Approach for the Regional Strategy Update



Sources of Data/Inputs

Past

•USGS Topographic Survey Maps (Tsheets): 1850s coastal maps

 In-depth historical ecology studies

Coastal Wetland
 Change Analysis
 (compares T-sheets
 to NWI maps)

Present

•National Wetland Inventory (NWI) mapping

•Wetland assessments (IWRAP,CRAM)

Regional status and trends monitoring

Future

- Coastal Storm
 Modeling System
 (CoSMoS)
- •Climate Understanding and Resilience in the[Tijuana] River Valley (CURRV)
- •Habitat Evolution Models (SLAMM, WARMER, MEM)

Wetlands Recovery Project Regional Strategy 2001

Tasks related to completing the Regional Strategy Update

•Analyze changes in ecological function over time

•Analyze climate change predictions

•Update regional habitat goals

•Develop guidance for selection, design and prioritization of restoration projects

•Define the process and protocols for assessing (IWRAP) and reporting progress (EcoAtlas) on the Regional Strategy

•Develop Regional Strategy products including likely a written document, maps and visualization tools.



Regional Strategy Update Team

 Science Advisory Panel Technical Assistance Grants Wetlands Managers Group Work Group Wetlands Advisory Group •Task Forces Board of Governors Conservancy Staff



Role of the Scientific Advisory Panel

- Standing committee
- Provides ongoing technical support
- Initial focus development of regional strategy



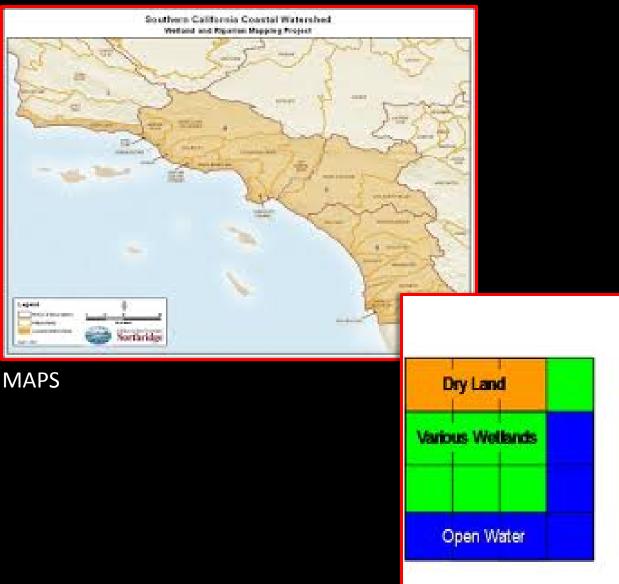
2015 Science Advisory Panel

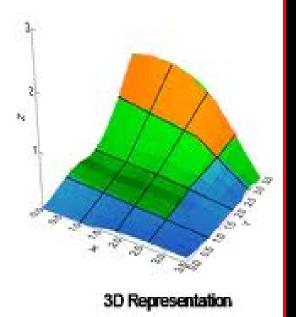
Rich Ambrose	UCLA
John Callaway	University of San Francisco
Josh Collins	SFEI & Aquatic Science Center
Jeff Crooks * SAP Chair 2016-17	Tijuana River Nat. Estuarine Research Res.
Jeff Haltiner	ESA
Jason Keller	Chapman University
John Largier	UC Davis
Shelley Luce * SAP Chair 2015-16	Environment Now
Brett Sanders	UC Irvine
Erin Stein	SCCWRP
Martha Sutula	SCCWRP
Christine Whitcraft * SAP Chair 2014-15	CSU Long Beach



Final Products

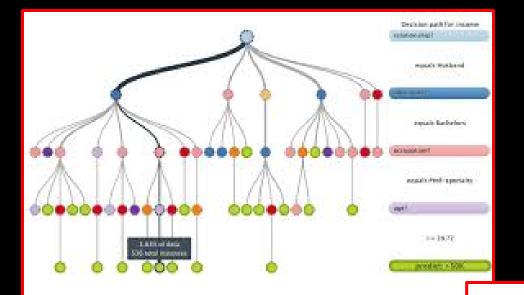
2D Representation





VISUALIZATIONS

Final Products



southern california WETLANDS RECOVERY PROJECT

DECISION TREES

EVALUATION SHEET Superb Excellent Great Good

SELECTION CRITERIA

Final Products



Celebrating Fifteen Years



PUBLICATION



Funding Support

NERRS Science Collaborative:

Temporal Investigation of Marsh Ecosystems (TIME) - Tijuana Estuary

U.S. FWS - Landscape Conservation Cooperative:

Climate adaptation measures Decision-support tool

EPA Wetlands Program Development Grant:

Technical Support for RSU In-Lieu Fee Program development

Coastal Conservancy: Technical Support for RSU Science Panel Stipends



Next presenter

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA

WETLANDS



Jocelyn Christie, MESM California Sea Grant Fellow California Coastal Conservancy Wetlands Recovery Project

Wetlands Advisory Group A Stakeholder Committee



Who, what, when, where, and why.

WHY- *Why create the WAG?*



•The WMG declared need for stakeholder input on the RSU

•To receive feedback from the end-users of the Regional Strategy on products *as they are developed*

•To ensure that RSU products are useful to WRP partners

WHAT- What will the WAG be doing?



 Providing feedback on products created by the SAP and WMG

WHO- Who will be on the WAG?



•Wetland professionals, restoration partners, grantees

WHERE- Where will the WAG meet?

•Dual meetings will be held for each meeting topic

•North San Diego County and Ventura

WHEN- When will the WAG meet?



~3 Meetings per year

May: foundational goals/guiding principles; target ecosystem functions and services

August: archetypes and habitat typology

November: match contemporary archetypes and habitats to target ecosystem functions and services

Questions?









Closing remarks